

Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) Assessment Report for Stage 10 and 11 Beenyup Grove, Byford

Site Details					
Address: Beenyup Grove Estate (Stage 10 and 11), Byford					
Suburb:	Byford, 6122	State	Western Australia		
Local Government Area:	Shire of Serpentine Jarrahdale				
Description of building works:	Residential development (26 lots)				

Report details				
Report/Job number:	22PER2700	Report version:	v1	
Assessment date:	22/01/2024	Report date:	1/02/2024	
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SITE ASSESSMENT AND SITE PLAN

The assessment of the 26 subject lots within Stages 10 and 11 of Beenyup Grove Estate, Byford was undertaken on 22 January 2024 for the purpose of determining the Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) in accordance with *Australian Standard AS 3959: 2018 Construction of Buildings in Bushfire Prone Areas* (SA 2018) Simplified Procedure (Method 1). An overview of the site is presented in Figure 1.

VEGETATION CLASSIFICATION

All vegetation within 100 m of the 26 subject lots was classified in accordance with Clause 2.2.3 of AS 3959: 2018. Each distinguishable vegetation class with the potential to determine the BAL is identified below and presented in Figure 1.

Plot 1 Classification or Exclusion Clause

Excluded AS 3959: 2018 2.2.3.2 (c)

Photo Point 1

This plot is comprised of vegetation that has trees between 10 m and 30m tall with 30%-70% foliage cover. Understorey is multi-tiered containing shrubs, juvenile trees and grasses.

Due to this single area of vegetation being less than 0.25 ha in area and not within 20 m of other areas of classifiable vegetation or the subject site it has been excluded.



Plot 1 Classification or Exclusion Clause

Photo Point 2 (background)

This plot is comprised of grasses and isolated trees.

The entirety of this patch of vegetation includes portions that extend beyond the 150 m buffer around the subject site.

Due to this single area of vegetation being less than 0.25 ha in area and not within 20 m of other areas of classifiable vegetation or the subject site it has been excluded.

Excluded AS 3959: 2018 2.2.3.2 (c)



Plot 2 Classification or Exclusion Clause

Photo Point 3

Non-vegetated area that is permanently cleared of classifiable vegetation (i.e., footpaths, roads and residential housing).

Excluded AS 3959: 2018 2.2.3.2 (e)



Plot 2 Classification or Exclusion Clause

Photo Point 4

Non-vegetated area that is permanently cleared of classifiable vegetation (i.e., cleared areas for future development).

Vegetation within this plot is regarded as low threat due to factors such as flammability, moisture content and fuel load as it is managed weeds.

Excluded AS 3959: 2018 2.2.3.2 (e) & (f)



Plot 2 Classification or Exclusion Clause

Photo Point 5

Non-vegetated area that is permanently cleared of classifiable vegetation (i.e., cleared areas for future development).

Vegetation within this plot is regarded as low threat due to factors such as flammability, moisture content and fuel load as it is managed yard containing remanent trees over a cleared understorey.

Excluded AS 3959: 2018 2.2.3.2 (e) & (f)



Plot 2 Classification or Exclusion Clause

Photo Point 6

Vegetation within this plot is regarded as low threat due to factors such as flammability, moisture content and fuel load as it is managed yard.

Excluded AS 3959: 2018 2.2.3.2 (f)



Plot 2 Classification or Exclusion Clause

Photo Point 7

Vegetation within this plot is regarded as low threat due to factors such as flammability, moisture content and fuel load as it is managed grass.

This exclusion reflects the Bushfire Management Plan addendum prepared for Beenyup Grove Estate by ELA (11 July 2022) which details vegetation management over this property through a signed letter from the landowner (LWP Property) committing to their vegetation management requirements under the Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale Firebreak notice for properties >1 ha.

Excluded AS 3959-2018 2.2.3.2 (f)



Plot 2 Classification or Exclusion Clause

Photo Point 8

Vegetation within this plot is regarded as low threat due to factors such as flammability, moisture content and fuel load as it is managed grass.

This exclusion reflects the Bushfire Management Plan addendum prepared for Beenyup Grove Estate by ELA (11 July 2022) which details vegetation management over this property through a signed letter from the landowner (LWP Property) committing to their vegetation management requirements under the Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale Firebreak notice for properties >1 ha.

Excluded AS 3959: 2018 2.2.3.2 (f)



Plot 2 Classification or Exclusion Clause

Photo Point 9

Non-vegetated area that is permanently cleared of vegetation (i.e., footpaths, roads and residential development).

Vegetation within this plot is regarded as low threat due to factors such as flammability, moisture content and fuel load as it is managed landscaping and yards.

Excluded AS 3959: 2018 2.2.3.2 (e) & (f)



Plot 2 Classification or Exclusion Clause

Photo Point 10

Non-vegetated area that is permanently cleared of vegetation (i.e., footpaths, roads and residential housing).

Excluded AS 3959: 2018 2.2.3.2 (e)



Plot 2 Classification or Exclusion Clause

Photo Point 11

Non-vegetated area that is permanently cleared of vegetation (i.e., footpaths, roads and playground).

Vegetation within this plot is regarded as low threat due to factors such as flammability, moisture content and fuel load as it is managed landscaping, parkland and sporting ovals.

Excluded AS 3959: 2018 2.2.3.2 (e) & (f)



Plot 2 Classification or Exclusion Clause

Photo Point 12

Non-vegetated area that is permanently cleared of vegetation (I.e., roads, carpark and a school).

Vegetation within this plot is regarded as low threat due to factors such as flammability, moisture content and fuel load as it is managed landscaping.

Excluded AS 3959: 2018 2.2.3.2 (e) & (f)



RELEVANT FIRE DANGER INDEX

The fire danger index for this site has been determined in accordance with Table 2.1 of AS 3959: 2018.

Relevant Fire Danger Index			
FDI 40 □	FDI 50 □	FDI 80 ☑	FDI 100 □
Table 2.4.5	Table 2.4.4	Table 2.4.3	Table 2.4.2

POTENTIAL BUSHFIRE IMPACTS

The potential bushfire impact to the site / proposed development from each of the identified vegetation plots are identified below, Table 1 and Figure 1.

Table 1: BAL Analysis AS 3959: 2018

Plot	Vegetation Classification	Effective Slope	Separation distances required			
PIOL			BAL-FZ	BAL-40	BAL-29	BAL-19
1	Excluded AS 3959-2018 2.2.3.2 (c)	-	No separation distances required – BAL-LOW			
2	Excluded AS 3959: 2018 2.2.3.2 (e) & (f)	-	No separation distances required – BAL-LOW			OW

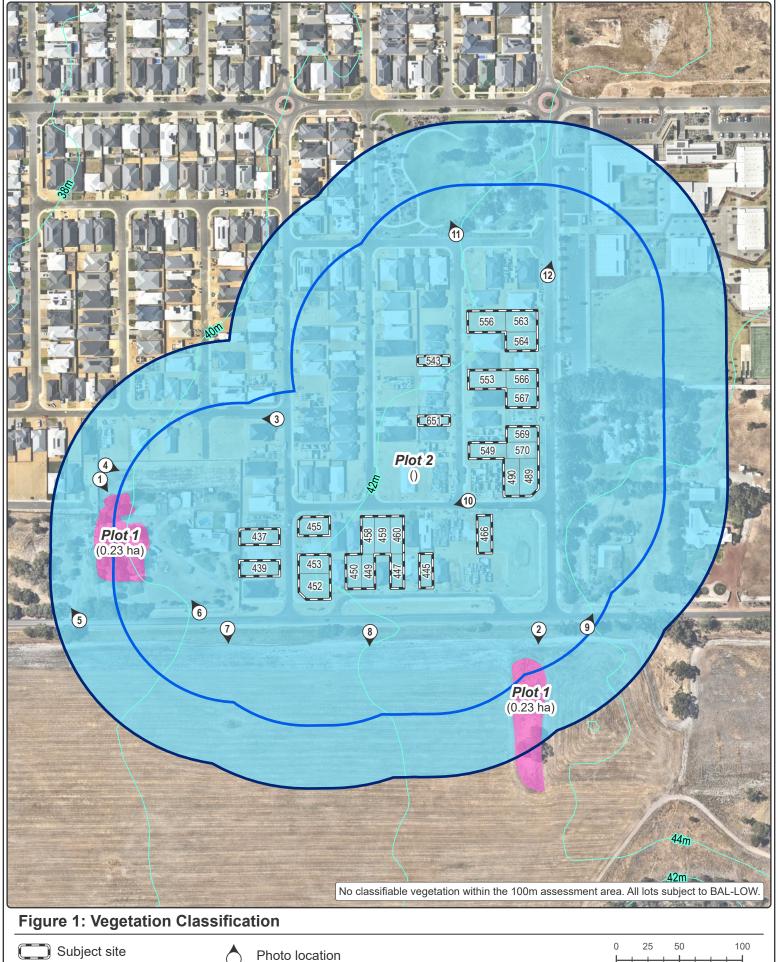
DETERMINED BUSHFIRE ATTACK LEVEL (BAL)

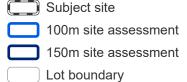
The determined Bushfire Attack Level (highest BAL) for the proposed works has been determined in accordance with Clause 2.2.6 of AS 3959: 2018 relevant data from the site assessment shown in Figure 1 and Table 2.

Table 2: BAL Assessment summary

BAL	Affected lots	Construction sections to be consulted in AS 3959- 2018
BAL-LOW	All subject lots	4

Note: This BAL rating is based on the information current at the date of this document and is valid for 12 months.



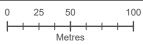


Contour (2m)

Vegetation classification

Excluded as per clause 2.2.3.2 (c)

Excluded as per clause 2.2.3.2 (e) and (f)



Datum/Projection: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 50

22PER2700-SM Date: 1/02/2024





Appendix A – Additional Information / Advisory Notes

This assessment was undertaken as per AS 3959: 2018. It is important that the current version of AS 3959, is consulted for construction purposes.

This BAL rating is based on the information current at the date of this letter and is valid for 12 months from the date of this letter.

Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) as set out in the *Australian Standard 3959 Construction of Buildings in Bushfire-Prone Areas* (AS 3959), as referenced in the *Building Code of Australia*.

Bushfire Attack Level (BAL)	Classified vegetation within 100 m of the site and radiant heat flux exposure thresholds	Description of predicted bush fire attack and levels of exposure	Construction Section as per AS 3959
BAL-LOW		There is insufficient risk to warrant specific construction requirements.	4
BAL-12.5	≤12.5 kW/m²	Ember attack	3 and 5
BAL-19	>12.5 kW/m2 ≤19 kW/m²	Increasing levels of ember attack and burning debris ignited by windborne embers together with increasing radiant heat flux.	3 and 6
BAL-29	>19 kW/m2≤29 kW/m²	Increasing levels of ember attack and burning debris ignited by windborne embers together with increasing radiant heat flux	3 and 7
BAL-40	>29 kW/m2≤40 kW/m²	Increasing levels of ember attack and burning debris ignited by windborne embers together with increasing radiant heat flux with the increased likelihood of exposure to flames.	3 and 8
BAL-FZ	>40 kW/m²	Direct exposure to flames from fire front in addition to radiant heat flux and ember attack	3 and 9

Source: "AS 3959: 2018 Construction of buildings in bushfire-prone areas" published by Standards Australia, Sydney